

Confluent Unfolding in the λ -calculus with letrec

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λ_{letrec} and unfolding semantics

(term)	$L ::= \lambda x. L$	(abstraction)
	LL	(application)
	x	(variable)
	letrec B in L	(letrec)
(binding group)	$B ::= f_1 = L \dots f_n = L$	(equations)

Example

$$[\![\text{letrec } f = \lambda x. f x \text{ in } f]\!] = \lambda x. (\lambda x. (\dots) x) x$$

λ_{letrec} and unfolding semantics

<i>(term)</i>	$L ::= \lambda x. L$	<i>(abstraction)</i>
	LL	<i>(application)</i>
	x	<i>(variable)</i>
	letrec B in L	<i>(letrec)</i>
<i>(binding group)</i>	$B ::= f_1 = L \dots f_n = L$	<i>(equations)</i>

Example

letrec $f = \lambda x. f x$ in $f \rightarrow\!\!\!\rightarrow \lambda x. (\lambda x. (\dots) x) x$

A CRS for unfolding λ_{letrec} -terms

Example

$\text{letrec } f = \lambda x. f x \text{ in } f$

$\rightarrow_{\text{rec}} \text{letrec } f = \lambda x. f x \text{ in } \lambda x. f x$

$\rightarrow_{\lambda} \lambda x. \text{letrec } f = \lambda x. f x \text{ in } f x$

$\rightarrow_{@} \lambda x. (\text{letrec } f = \lambda x. f x \text{ in } f) (\text{letrec } f = \lambda x. f x \text{ in } x)$

$\rightarrow_{\text{red}} \lambda x. (\text{letrec } f = \lambda x. f x \text{ in } f) (\text{letrec in } x)$

$\rightarrow_{\text{nil}} \lambda x. (\text{letrec } f = \lambda x. f x \text{ in } f) x$

$\rightarrow_{\text{rec}} \lambda x. (\dots) x$

A CRS for unfolding λ_{letrec} -terms

- $(\varrho_{\nabla}^{\circledcirc})$: letrec B in $L_0 \ L_1 \rightarrow (\text{letrec } B \text{ in } L_0) \ (\text{letrec } B \text{ in } L_1)$
- $(\varrho_{\nabla}^{\lambda})$: letrec B in $\lambda x. L_0 \rightarrow \lambda x. \text{letrec } B \text{ in } L_0$
- $(\varrho_{\nabla}^{\text{letrec}})$: letrec B_0 in letrec B_1 in $L \rightarrow \text{letrec } B_0, B_1 \text{ in } L$
- $(\varrho_{\nabla}^{\text{rec}})$: letrec B in $f_i \rightarrow \text{letrec } B \text{ in } L_i \quad (\text{if } B \text{ is } f_1 = L_1 \dots f_n = L_n)$
- $(\varrho_{\nabla}^{\text{nil}})$: letrec in $L \rightarrow L$
- $(\varrho_{\nabla}^{\text{red}})$: letrec $f_1 = L_1 \dots f_n = L_n$ in $L \rightarrow \text{letrec } f_{j_1} = L_{j_1} \dots f_{j_{n'}} = L_{j_{n'}} \text{ in } L$
 $(\text{if } f_{j_1}, \dots, f_{j_{n'}} \text{ are the recursion variables reachable from } L)$

Confluence by Decreasing Diagrams

Usually:

$$\rightarrow_{\nabla} = \bigcup \{\rightarrow_i \mid i \in I\}$$

Here:

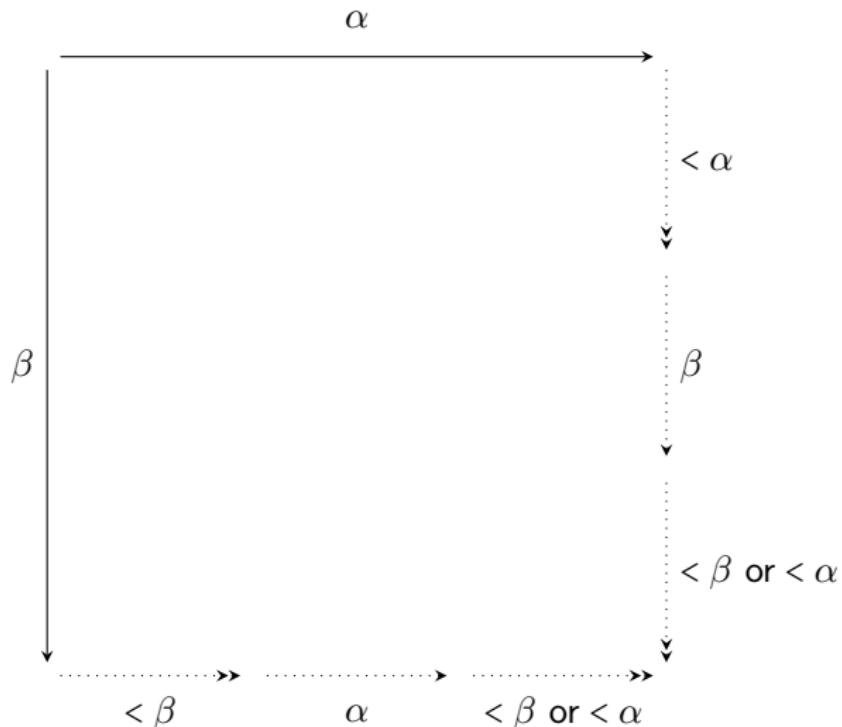
$$\rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} = \bigcup \{\parallel_{\rho_d} \mid (d, \rho) \in \mathbb{N} \times Rules\}$$

where \parallel_{ρ_d} is a parallel ρ -step at letrec-depth d .

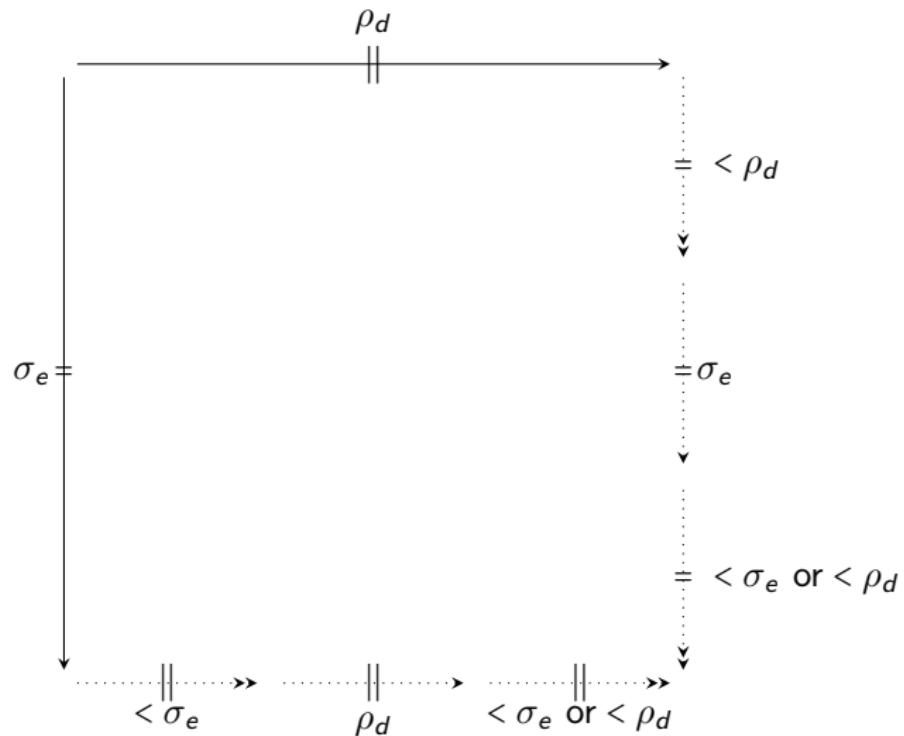
It holds:

$$\rightarrow_{\nabla} \subseteq \rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} \subseteq \rightarrow_{\nabla} \quad \text{or equivalently} \quad \rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} = \rightarrow_{\nabla}$$

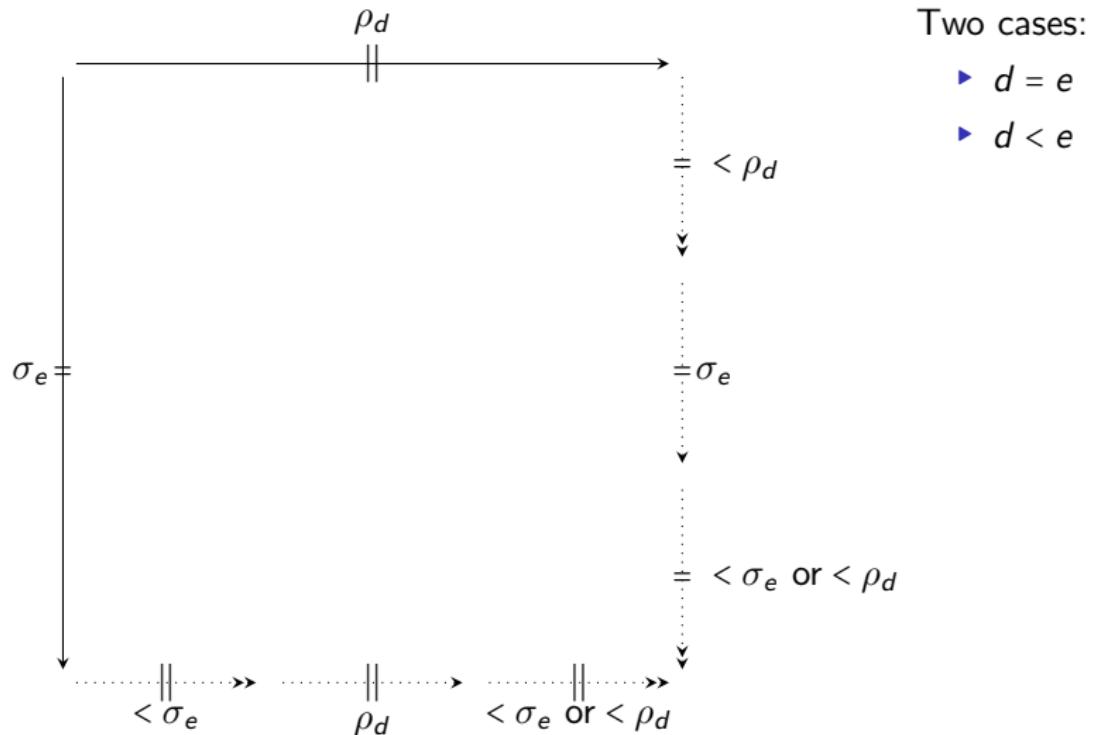
Confluence by Decreasing Diagrams



Elementary Diagram for $\bigcup\{\rightarrow_{\rho_d} \mid (d, \rho) \in \mathbb{N} \times Rules\}$



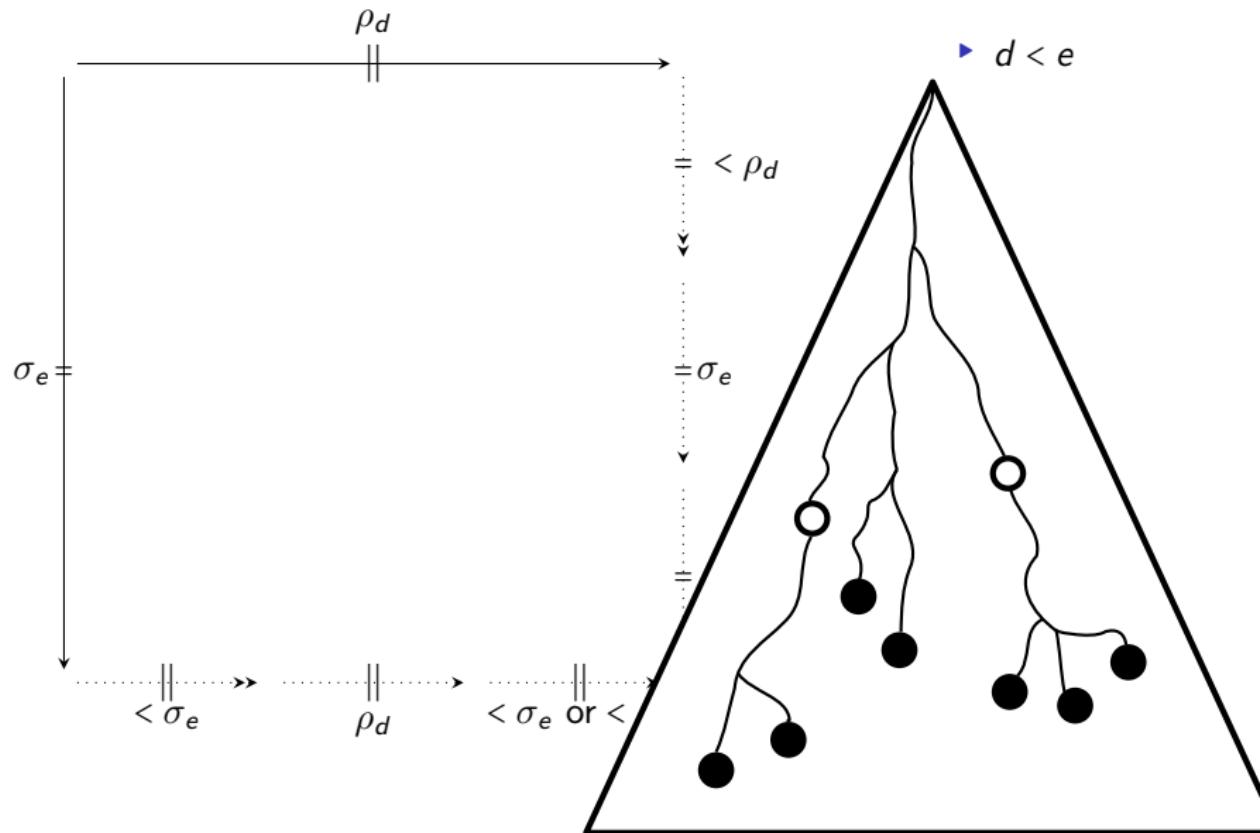
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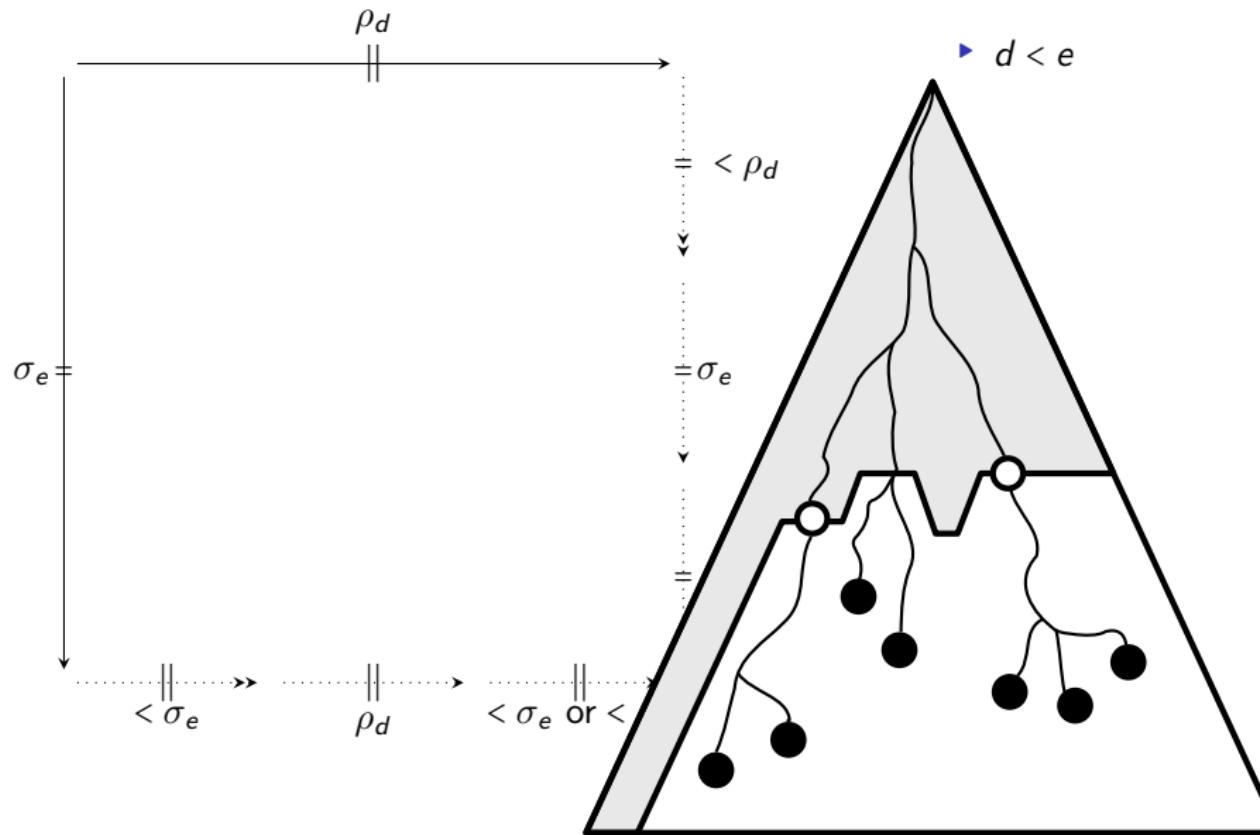
Two cases:

- $d = e$
- $d < e$

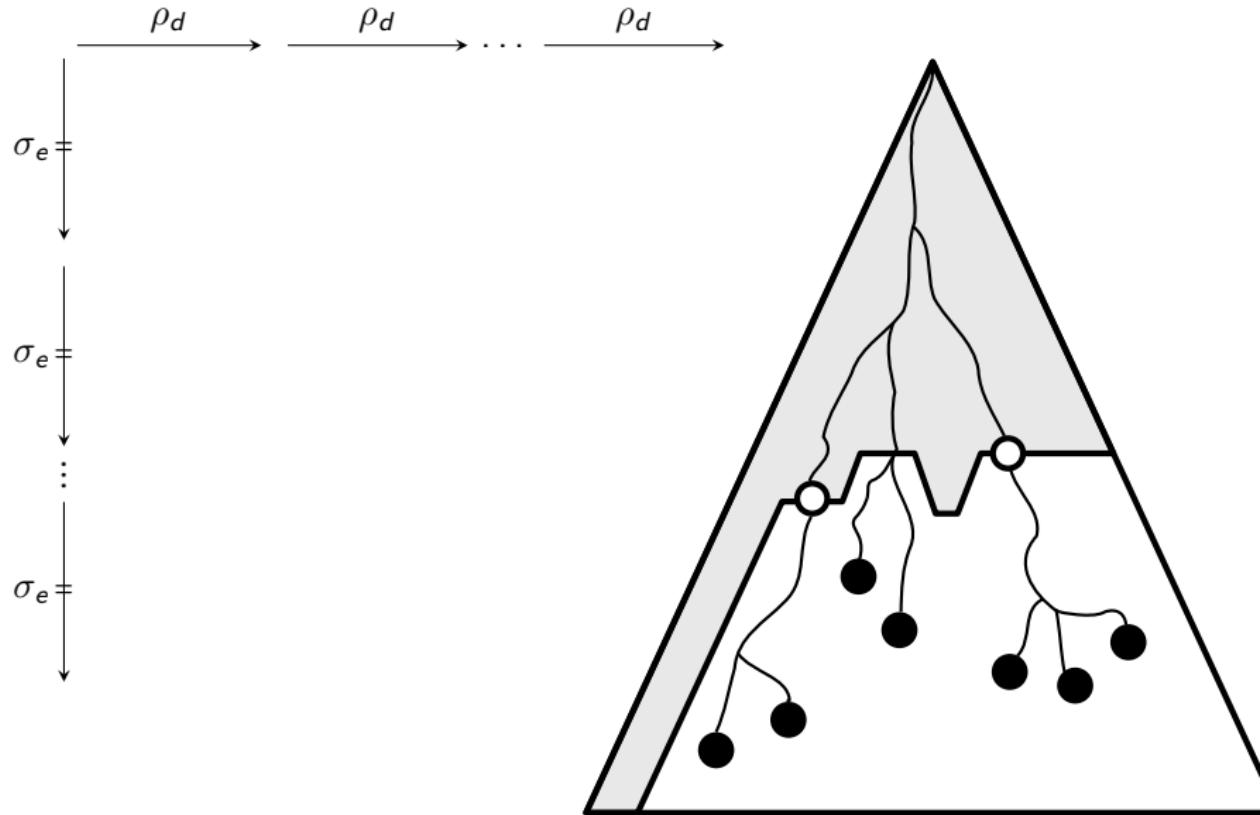
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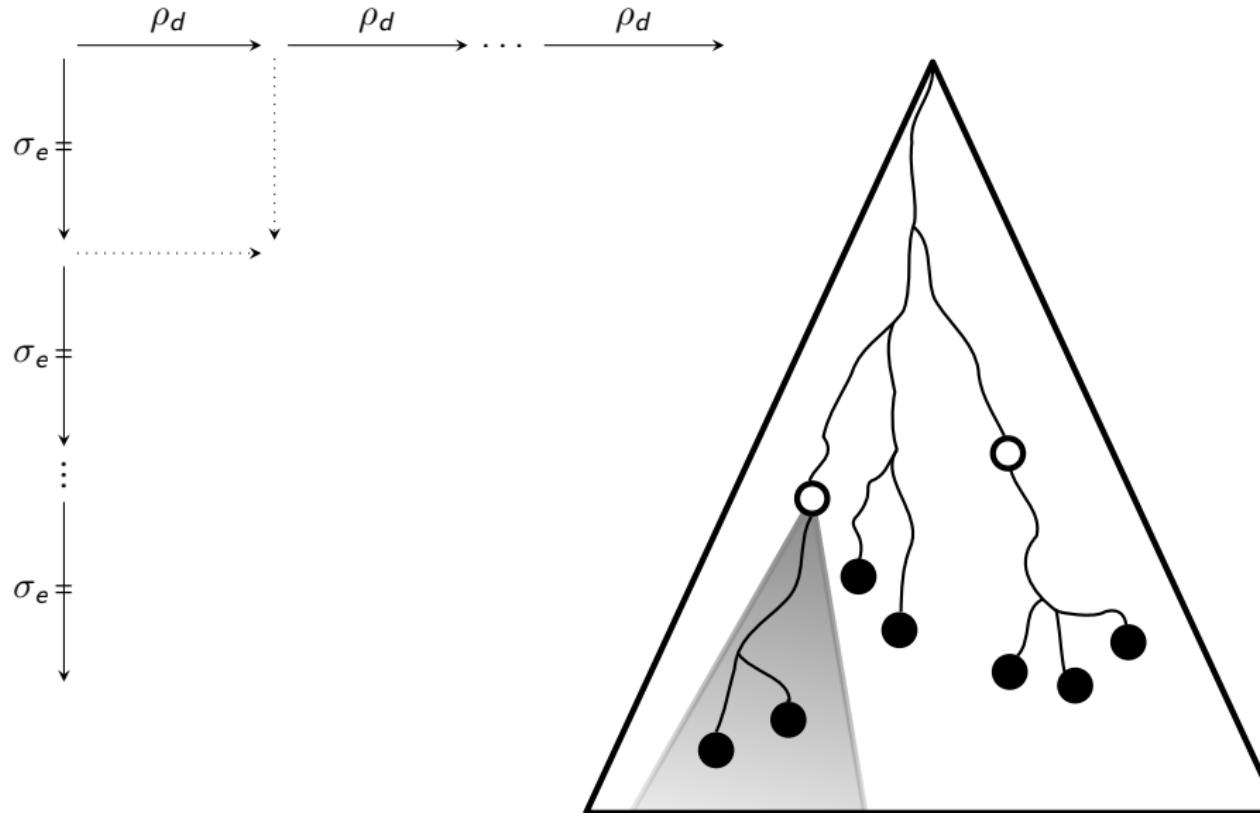
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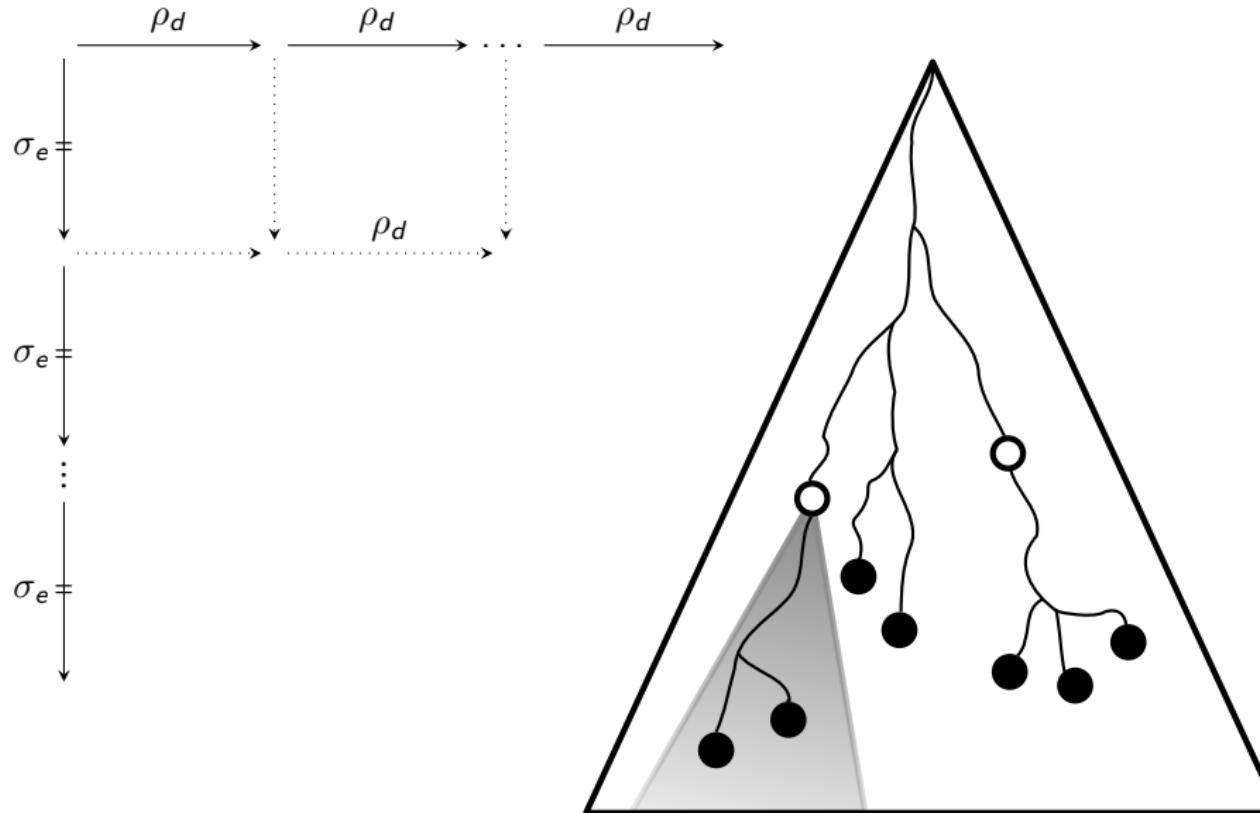
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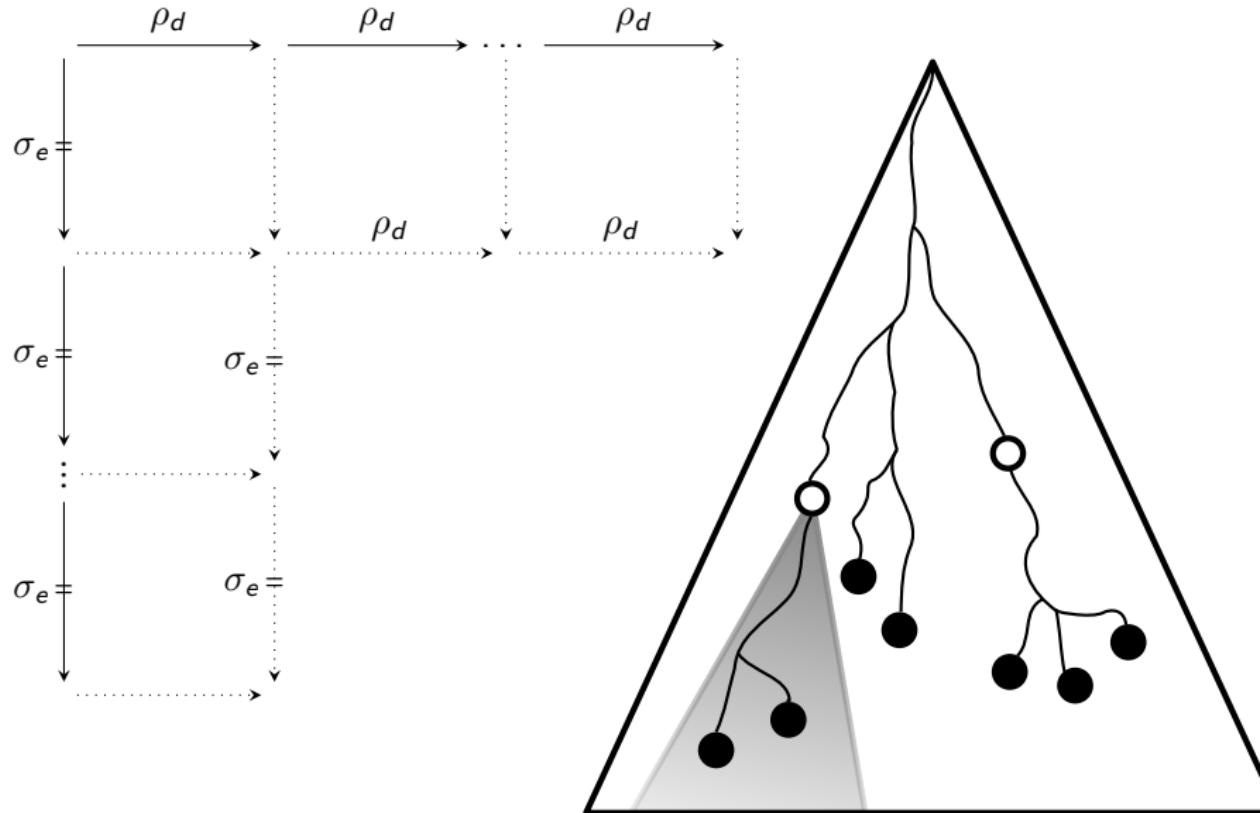
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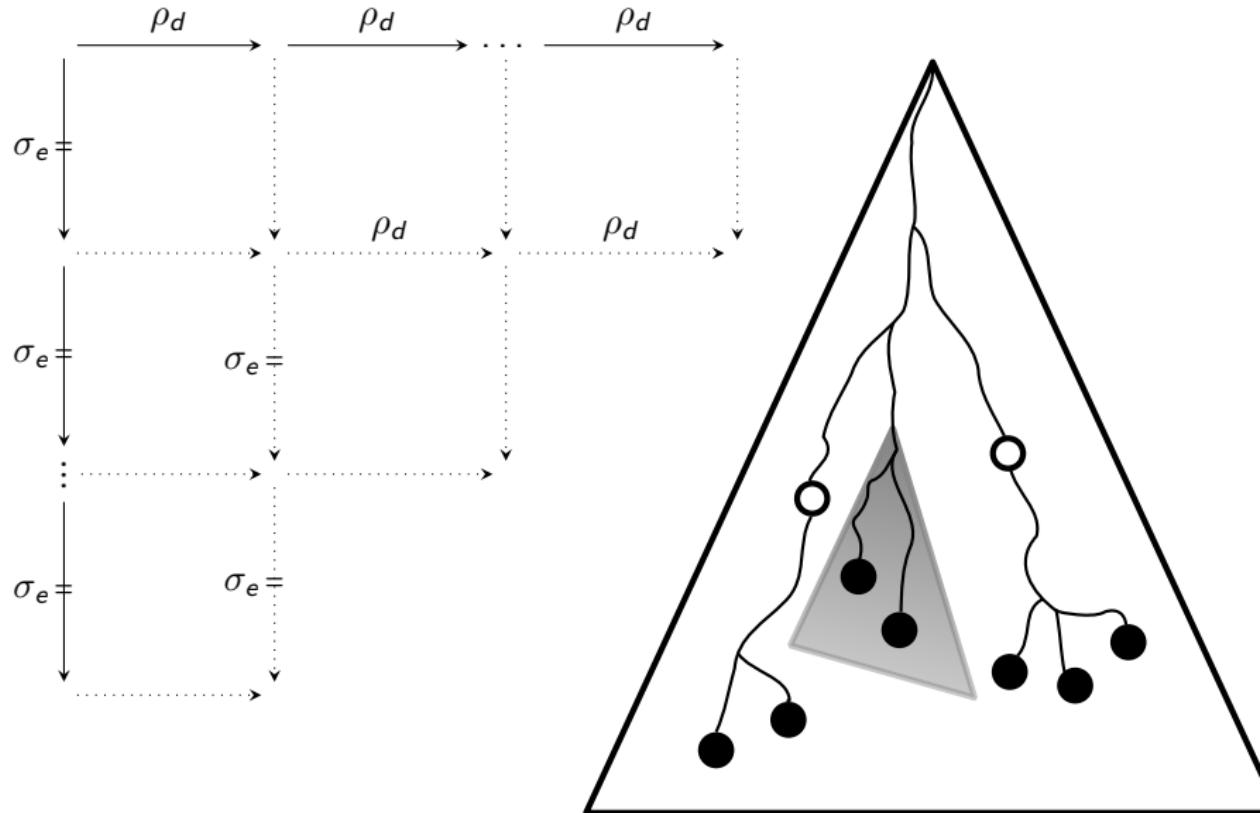
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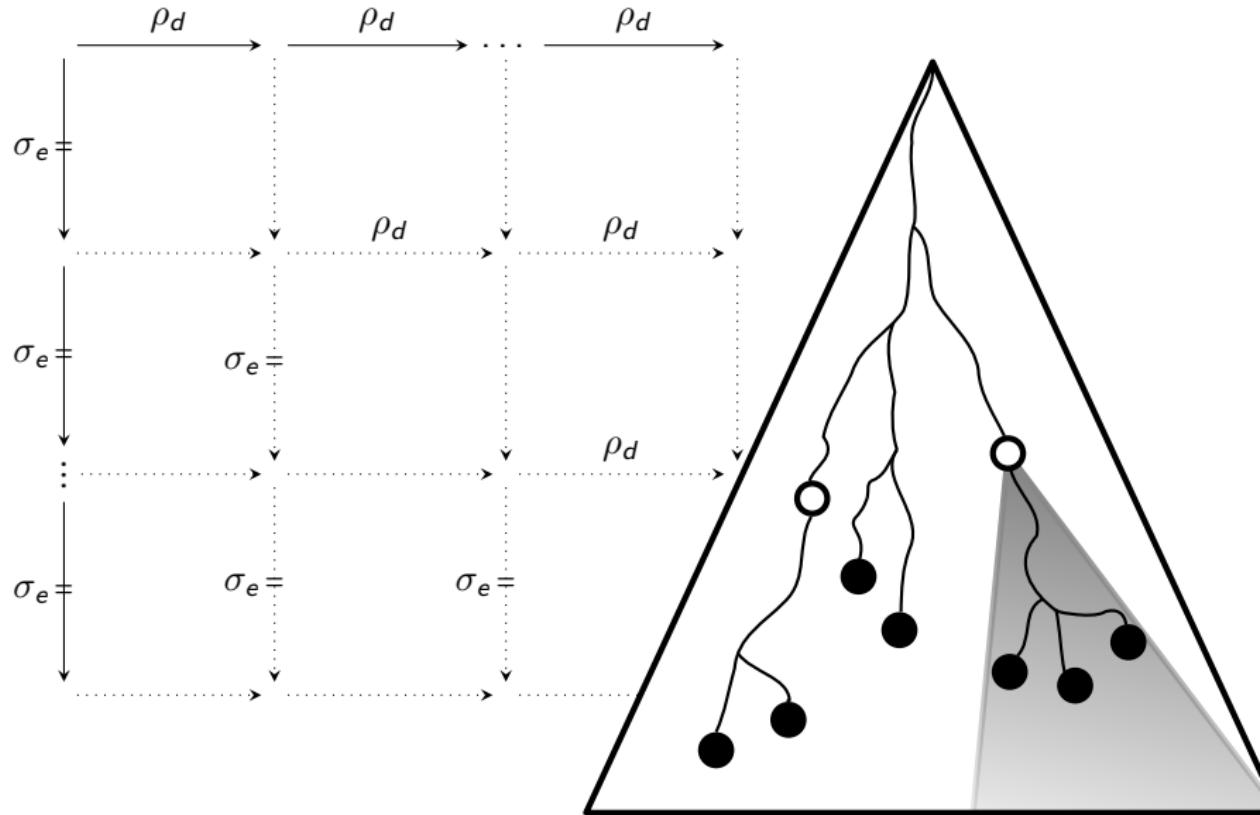


Diagram for a Diagonal Tile

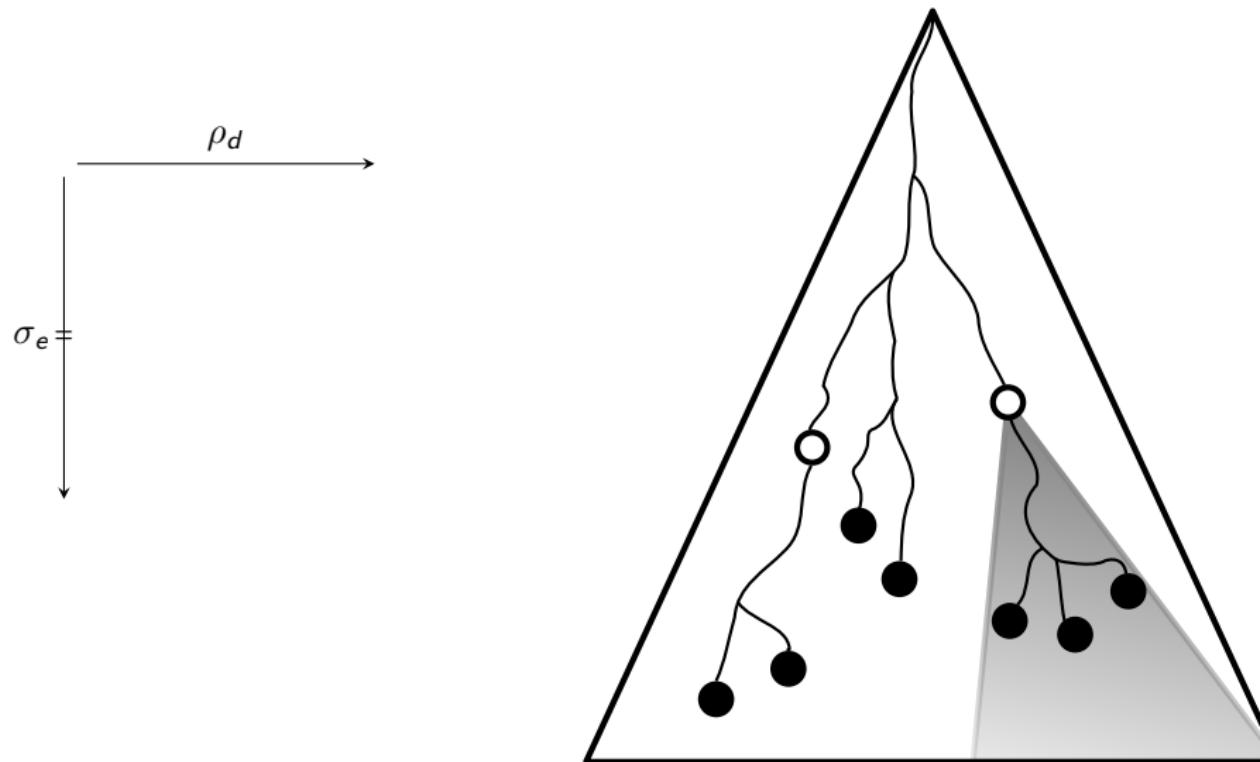
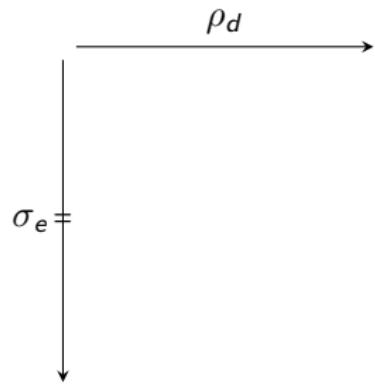


Diagram for a Diagonal Tile



Two cases:

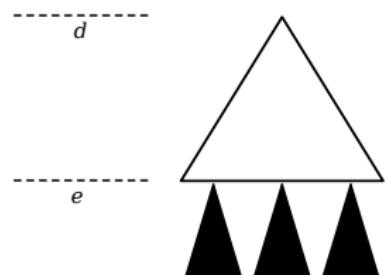


Diagram for a Diagonal Tile

$$\begin{array}{c} \rho_d \\ \sigma_e = \downarrow \\ \sigma_e \downarrow \end{array}$$

letrec B_0 in letrec B_1 in L

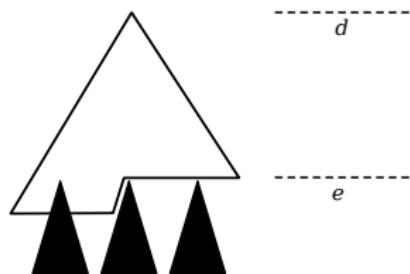


Diagram for a Diagonal Tile

$$\begin{array}{c} \rho_d \\ \longrightarrow \\ \sigma_e = \\ \downarrow \\ \sigma_e \end{array}$$

$$e = d + 1$$

letrec B_0 in letrec B_1 in L

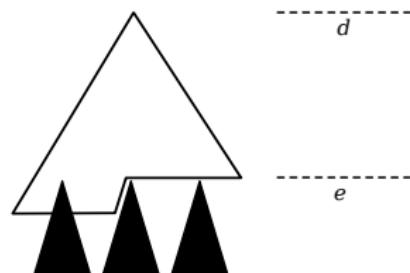


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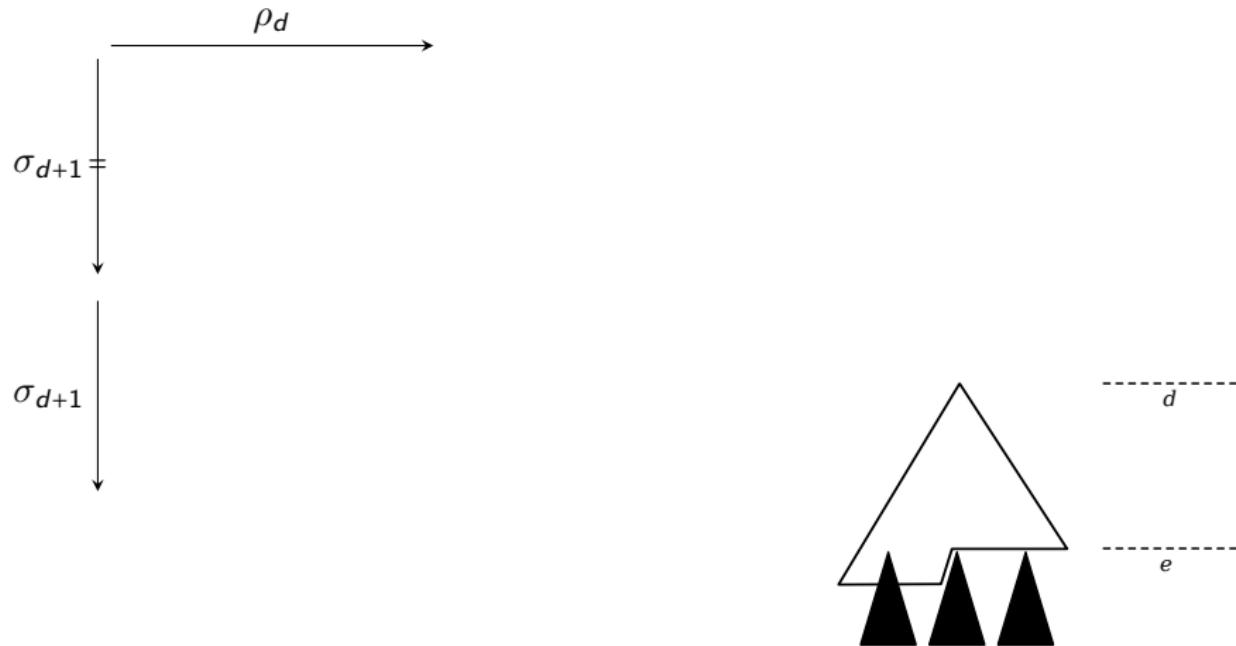
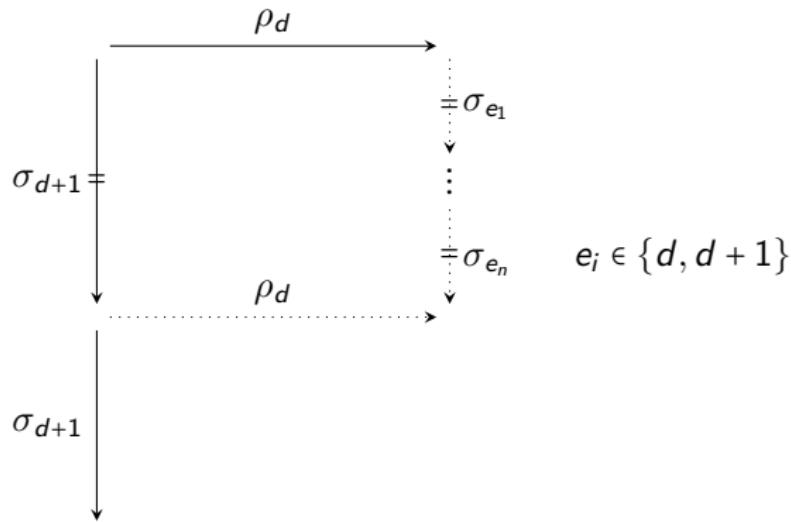


Diagram for a Diagonal Tile



$(\varrho_{\nabla}^{\text{nil}}) : \text{letrec in } L \rightarrow L$

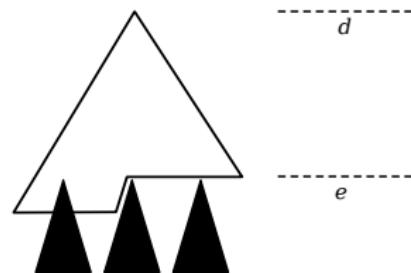


Diagram for a Diagonal Tile

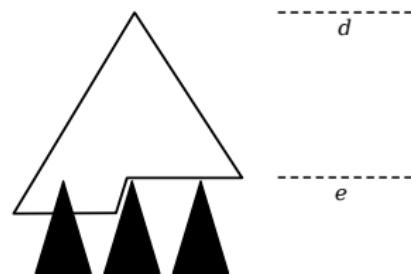
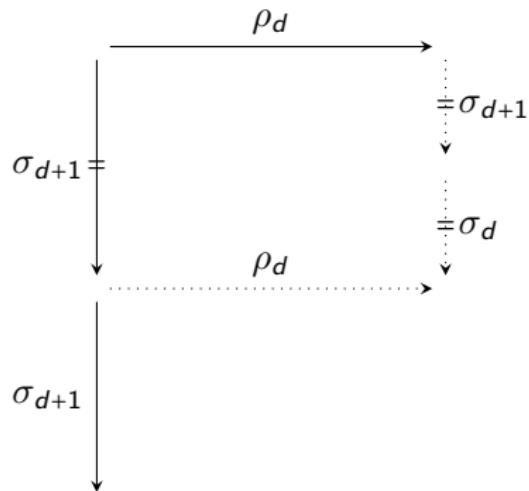


Diagram for a Diagonal Tile

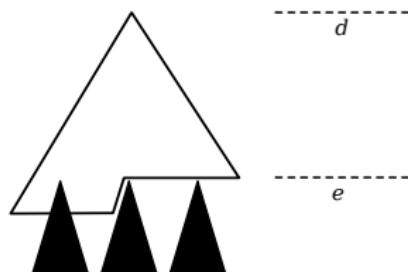
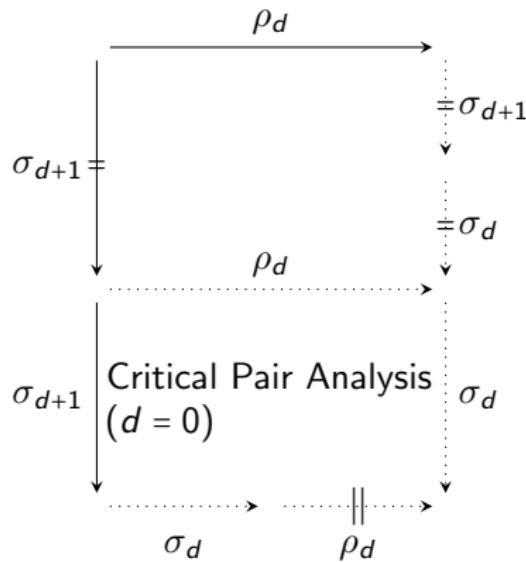


Diagram for a Diagonal Tile

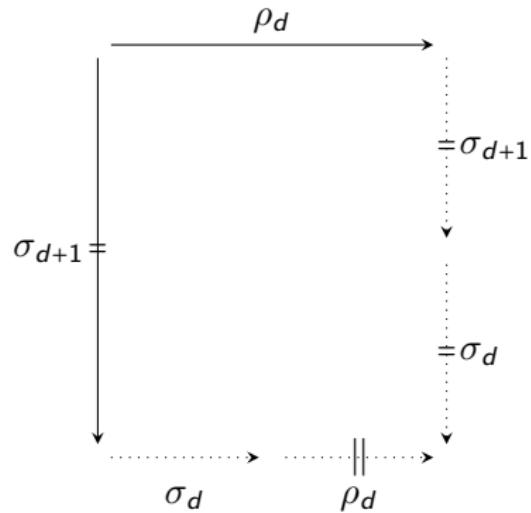
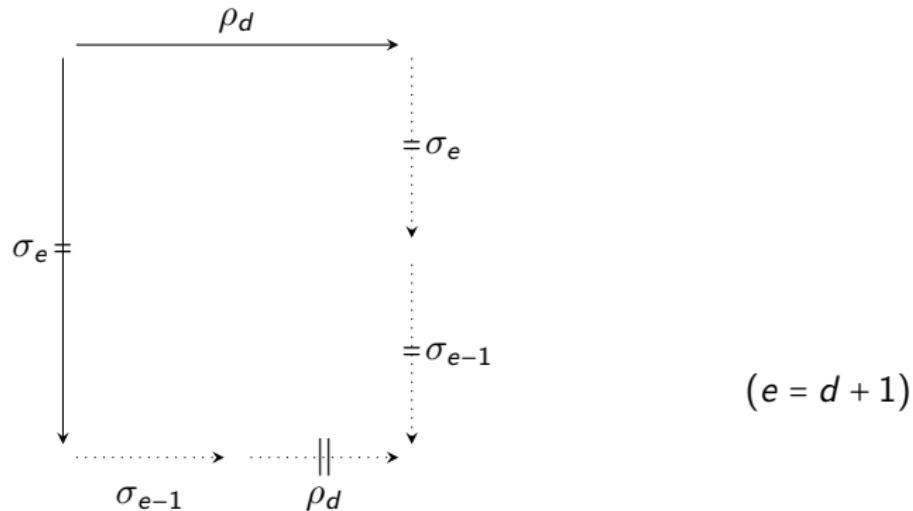
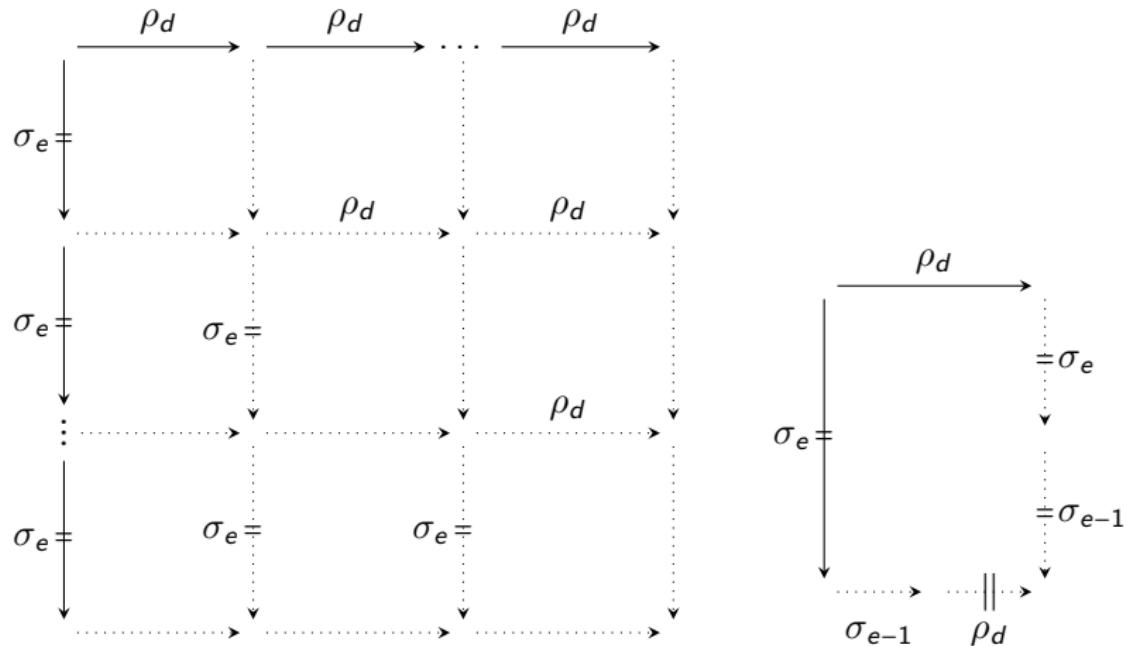


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